A PULSED ELECTRIC LENS FOR NDCX

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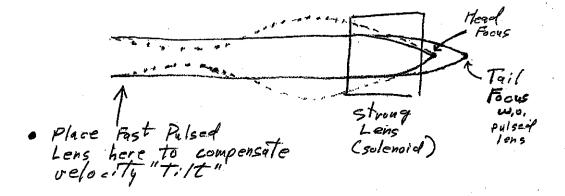
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A pulsed electric lens for NDCX

Ed Lee July 18, 2007 (T)

(2)

- To compress pulse, Jail > Thered
- · This causes a chromatic aborration:



Considerations

Time scale is a pulse length a kopus

Lens works only in vacuum

Lens must be compact (£ 30 cm)

Voltages & 100 kV

Programable waveform

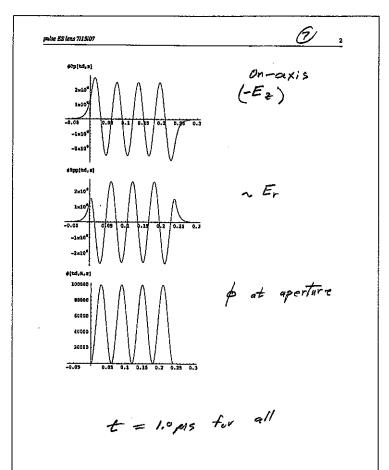
Reasonable cost - bob at energy/power

Solenoid \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 1.0 kT, 10 watts

Electric lens \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 20 mT, 30 kW

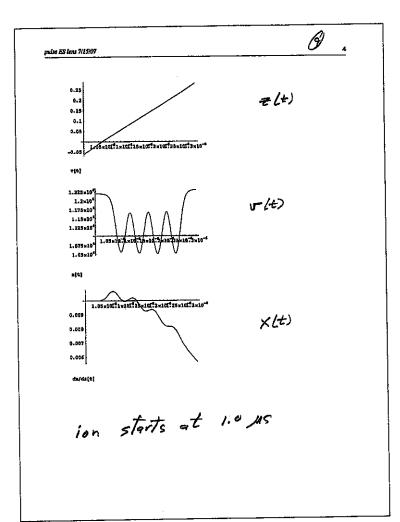
(4)

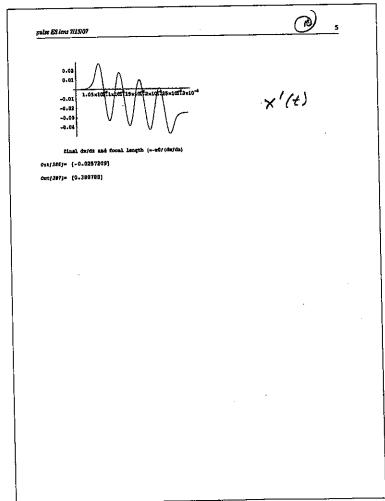
Solve for ion orbits $\frac{dz(t)}{dt} = v(t) \\
\frac{dv(t)}{dt} = -\frac{ze}{M} = \frac{9}{9}(z(t), t) \\
\frac{dv(t)}{dt} = -\frac{ze}{M} = \frac{9}{9}(z(t), t) \\
\frac{dv(t)}{dt} = \frac{ze}{M} = \frac{z}{2}(z(t), t) \times (t)$ Worked ease: $V(t) = (bokv) / \frac{t}{2}$ $N = \frac{1}{9} \frac$



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| Internal | Internal
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1(1)





To find a focal length start ions

at various times with
$$x = 1.0 \text{ cm}$$

$$dx = 0$$

$$f = \frac{x_{initial}}{(dx_i)_{final}} = \frac{x_{initial}}{(-x_i/v_i)_{final}}$$

initial	fine!	focal
time	dx/d+	length
2 MS . 4 . 8	0037/ 007/6 0167 0167 0257	3.12m 1.40 .860 .615 .477